# **ARC-IT COMPONENTS**

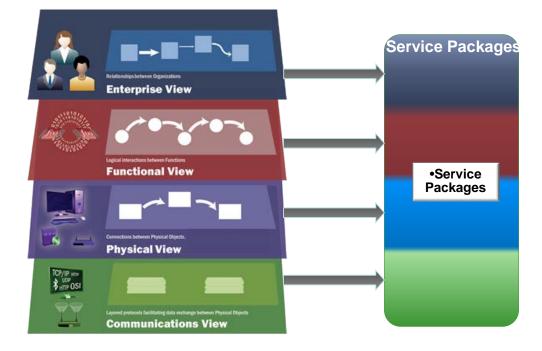
**ARC-IT V8 Workshop** 



U.S. Department of Transportation Office of the Assistant Secretary for Research and Technology

#### **ARC-IT Components**

 Lets take a closer look at ARC-IT Components through examination of Service Packages as described on the Website





#### **ARC-IT Website**

#### Just type arc-it.net

ARC-IT Version 8.0 Including the National ITS Architecture and CVRIA Architecture  Architecture Use  Architecture Resources  Architecture Terminology  Contact The Architecture Team	
Home	
Architecture Reference for Cooperative and Intelligent Trans	poration
The Architecture Reference for Cooperative and Intelligent Transporation (ARC-IT) provides a common framework for planning, defining, and integrating intelligent transportation systems. It is a mature product that reflects the contributions of a broad cross-section of the ITS community (transportation practitioners, systems engineers, system developers, technology specialists, consultants, etc.).	Connected Vehicle Reference Implementation Architecture
The architecture defines:	
<ul> <li>The functions (e.g., gather traffic information or request a route) that are required for ITS</li> <li>The physical entities or subsystems where these functions reside (e.g., the field or the vehicle).</li> <li>The information flows and data flows that connect these functions and physical subsystems together into an integrated system.</li> </ul>	Interpretendent Gregorie (Construction)
If you would prefer a summary document that you can print and read over coffee, a brief document is available that presents the key architecture concepts.	Foreignant Model Instantial Instantial Instantia Instantial Instantial Instantial Instantial Insta
The information contained on these web pages (www.iteris.com/itsarch and its sub-pages) were developed for the U.S. Department of Transportation and are in	Processor Processor
the public domain. The information is free from copyright restrictions except where noted.	TOY/IP and bind of and and and of and of and of and of and of and of and of and of and of and of a



#### **ARC-IT Website: Architecture Pull-Down**

ARC-IT Version 8.0 Including the National ITS Arch <u>it</u> ecture and CVRIA	itecture Terminology Contact The Architecture Termi	
Architecture 🗸 Architecture		
Service Packages	erence for Cooperative and Intelligent Trans	sporation
Views and Models	n (ARC-IT) provides a common framework for planning, defining, and integrating intelligent of a broad cross-section of the ITS community (transportation practitioners, systems	Connected Vehicle Reference Implementation Architecture
Physical	hat are required for ITS	Frequencies Model
Functional	(e.g., the field or the vehicle). and physical subsystems together into an integrated system. er coffee, a brief document is available that presents the <u>key architecture concepts</u> .	Returned View
Communications	er conce, a brier document is available that presents the <u>key arcmedure concepts</u> .	International Action Index Particular
Enterprise		Functional View
Methodology	and its sub-pages) were developed for the U.S. Department of Transportation and are in	Proved studie Bagent Bagent Ba
Architecture Structure	cept where noted.	Connuccess Mod 1
Viewpoint Specifications		Communication back Page 1
Security		



ARC-IT Version 8.0 Including the National ITS Architecture and CVRIA				
Architecture ▼ Architecture Use ▼ Architecture	e Resources 🔻 Architecture	Terminology ▼ Contact The Architecture Team		
Home > Service Packages				
Type Sort		Service Packages		
Area 🔺	Short Name	Name		
		CV001: Carrier Operations and Fleet Management		
	CVOUZ	CVO02: Freight Administration		
	<u>CVO03</u>	CVO03: Electronic Clearance		
	<u>CV004</u>	CVO04: CV Administrative Processes		
	<u>CVO05</u>	CVO05: International Border Electronic Clearance		
	<u>CV006</u>	CVO06: Freight Signal Priority		
	<u>CV007</u>	CV007: Roadside CVO Safety		
	<u>CV008</u>	CVO08: Smart Roadside and Virtual WIM		
	<u>CVO09</u>	CVO09: Freight-Specific Dynamic Travel Planning		
Commercial Vehicle Operations	<u>CVO10</u>	CVO10: Road Weather Information for Freight Carriers		
	<u>CV011</u>	CVO11: Freight Drayage Optimization		
	<u>CV012</u>	CVO12: HAZMAT Management		



Data Managament	<u>DM01</u>	DM01: ITS Data Warehouse
Data Management	<u>DM02</u>	DM02: Performance Monitoring
	<u>MC01</u>	MC01: Maintenance and Construction Vehicle and Equipment Tracking
	<u>MC02</u>	MC02: Maintenance and Construction Vehicle Maintenance
	<u>MC03</u>	MC03: Roadway Automated Treatment
	<u>MC04</u>	MC04: Winter Maintenance
Maintenance and Construction	<u>MC05</u>	MC05: Roadway Maintenance and Construction
	<u>MC06</u>	MC06: Work Zone Management
	<u>MC07</u>	MC07: Work Zone Safety Monitoring
	<u>MC08</u>	MC08: Maintenance and Construction Activity Coordination
	<u>MC09</u>	MC09: Infrastructure Monitoring
	<u>PM01</u>	PM01: Parking Space Management
Derkien Meneroven	<u>PM02</u>	PM02: Smart Park and Ride System
Parking Management	<u>PM03</u>	PM03: Parking Electronic Payment
	PM04	PM04: Regional Parking Management



	PS03	PS03: Emergency Vehicle Preemption
	<u>PS04</u>	PS04: Mayday Notification
	<u>PS05</u>	PS05: Vehicle Emergency Response
	<u>PS06</u>	PS06: Incident Scene Pre-Arrival Staging Guidance for Emergency Responders
	<u>PS07</u>	PS07: Incident Scene Safety Monitoring
Public Safety	<u>PS08</u>	PS08: Roadway Service Patrols
	PS09	PS09: Transportation Infrastructure Protection
	<u>PS10</u>	PS10: Wide-Area Alert
	<u>PS11</u>	PS11: Early Warning System
	PS12	PS12: Disaster Response and Recovery
	PS13	PS13: Evacuation and Reentry Management
	<u>PS14</u>	PS14: Disaster Traveler Information
	PT01	PT01: Transit Vehicle Tracking
	PT02	PT02: Transit Fixed-Route Operations
	<u>PT03</u>	PT03: Dynamic Transit Operations
	<u>PT04</u>	PT04: Transit Fare Collection Management
	<u>PT05</u>	PT05: Transit Security
	<u>PT06</u>	PT06: Transit Fleet Management
	<u>PT07</u>	PT07: Transit Passenger Counting
	<u>PT08</u>	PT08: Transit Traveler Information
Bublic Transportation	<u>PT09</u>	PT09: Transit Signal Priority
Public Transportation	PT10	PT10: Intermittent Bus Lanes
	PT11	PT11: Transit Pedestrian Indication
		U.C. Depertment of Transportation



	<u>SU01</u>	SU01: Connected Vehicle System Monitoring and Management
	<u>SU02</u>	SU02: Core Authorization
	<u>SU03</u>	SU03: Data Distribution
Suggest	<u>SU04</u>	SU04: Map Management
Support	<u>SU05</u>	SU05: Location and Time
	<u>SU06</u>	SU06: Object Registration and Discovery
	<u>SU07</u>	SU07: Privacy Protection
	<u>SU08</u>	SU08: Security and Credentials Management
	<u>ST01</u>	ST01: Emissions Monitoring
	<u>ST02</u>	ST02: Eco-Traffic Signal Timing
	<u>ST03</u>	ST03: Eco-Traffic Metering
	<u>ST04</u>	ST04: Roadside Lighting
Sustainable Travel	<u>ST05</u>	ST05: Electric Charging Stations Management
	<u>ST06</u>	ST06: HOV/HOT Lane Management
	<u>ST07</u>	ST07: Eco-Lanes Management
	<u>ST08</u>	ST08: Eco-Approach and Departure at Signalized Intersections
	<u>ST09</u>	ST09: Connected Eco-Driving
	<u>ST10</u>	ST10: Low Emissions Zone Management



	<u>1M05</u>	1M05: Traffic Metering
	<u>TM06</u>	TM06: Traffic Information Dissemination
	<u>TM07</u>	TM07: Regional Traffic Management
	<u>TM08</u>	TM08: Traffic Incident Management System
	<u>TM09</u>	TM09: Integrated Decision Support and Demand Management
	<u>TM10</u>	TM10: Electronic Toll Collection
	<u>TM11</u>	TM11: Road Use Charging
Traffic Management	<u>TM12</u>	TM12: Dynamic Roadway Warning
	<u>TM13</u>	TM13: Standard Railroad Grade Crossing
	<u>TM14</u>	TM14: Advanced Railroad Grade Crossing
	<u>TM15</u>	TM15: Railroad Operations Coordination
	<u>TM16</u>	TM16: Reversible Lane Management
	<u>TM17</u>	TM17: Speed Warning and Enforcement
	<u>TM18</u>	TM18: Drawbridge Management
	<u>TM19</u>	TM19: Roadway Closure Management
	<u>TM20</u>	TM20: Variable Speed Limits
	<u>TM21</u>	TM21: Speed Harmonization
	<u>TM22</u>	TM22: Dynamic Lane Management and Shoulder Use
	<u>TM23</u>	TM23: Border Management Systems
	<u>TI01</u>	TI01: Broadcast Traveler Information
	<u>TI02</u>	TI02: Personalized Traveler Information
	<u>T103</u>	TI03: Dynamic Route Guidance
Traveler Information	<u>T104</u>	TI04: Infrastructure-Provided Trip Planning and Route Guidance
	<u>T105</u>	TI05: Travel Services Information and Reservation
	<u>T106</u>	TI06: Dynamic Ridesharing and Shared Use Transportation
	<u>T107</u>	TI07: In-Vehicle Signage



	1	
	<u>VS01</u>	VS01: Autonomous Vehicle Safety Systems
	<u>VS02</u>	VS02: V2V Basic Safety
	<u>VS03</u>	VS03: V2V Situational Awareness
	<u>VS04</u>	VS04: V2V Special Vehicle Alert
	<u>VS05</u>	VS05: Curve Speed Warning
	<u>VS06</u>	VS06: Stop Sign Gap Assist
	<u>VS07</u>	VS07: Road Weather Motorist Alert and Warning
Vehicle Safety	<u>VS08</u>	VS08: Queue Warning
Vehicle Salety	<u>VS09</u>	VS09: Reduced Speed Zone Warning / Lane Closure
	<u>VS10</u>	VS10: Restricted Lane Warnings
	<u>VS11</u>	VS11: Oversize Vehicle Warning
	<u>VS12</u>	VS12: Pedestrian and Cyclist Safety
	<u>VS13</u>	VS13: Intersection Safety Warning and Collision Avoidance
	<u>VS14</u>	VS14: Cooperative Adaptive Cruise Control
	<u>VS15</u>	VS15: Infrastructure Enhanced Cooperative Adaptive Cruise Control
	<u>VS16</u>	VS16: Automated Vehicle Operations
	<u>WX01</u>	WX01: Weather Data Collection
Weather	<u>WX02</u>	WX02: Weather Information Processing and Distribution
	<u>WX03</u>	WX03: Spot Weather Impact Warning



#### **Finding Service Packages**

- Click 'Area Sort'
  - SPs are re-sorted according to type, group identifiers
  - Group and SP Name are also sortable
- Type: High Level non-transportation assignment
  - The service package provides and/or facilitates a <type> service:
    - Convenience, Environmental, Informational, Management, Mobility, Regulatory, Safety, Support
- Group: transportation-specific
  - The service package provides and/or facilitates <group> transport-related service(s)
    - Commercial vehicle operations, electronic payment, public safety, traffic network, transit, ...etc.

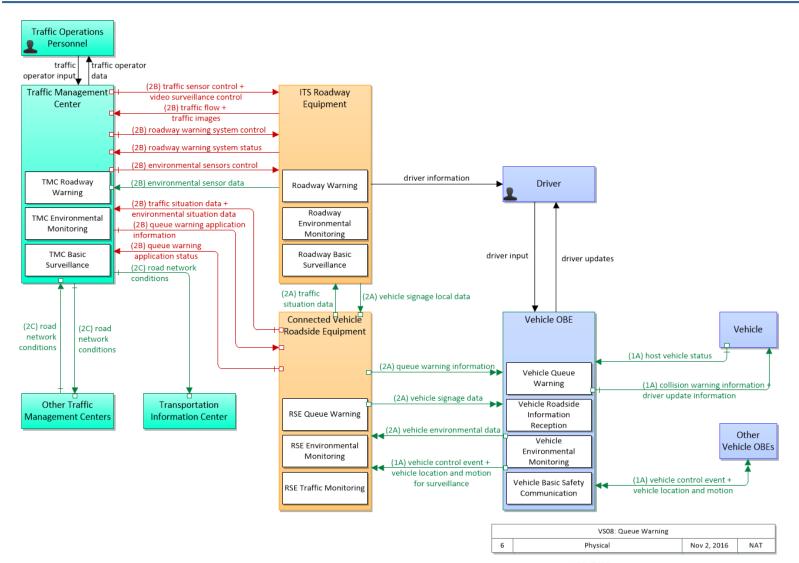


#### **ARC-IT Website- Service Package Details**

ARC-IT Version 8.0 Including the National ITS Architecture and CVRIA	
Architecture ▼ Architecture Use ▼ Architecture Resources ▼ 4	Architecture Terminology  Contact The Architecture Team
Home > Service Packages > Queu Warning	
This service package utilizes connected vehicle technologies, includi	<b>/S08: Queue Warning</b>
the TMC). The infrastructure will broadcast queue warnings to vehicl operate as a crash avoidance system. In contrast to such systems, the system of the sys	ion (e.g., rapid deceleration, disabled status, lane location) to nearby upstream vehicles and to centers (such as les in order to minimize or prevent rear-end or other secondary collisions. This service package is not intended to his service package will engage well in advance of any potential crash situation, providing messages and eding to take crash avoidance or mitigation actions later. It performs two essential tasks: queue determination sing vehicle-based, infrastructure-based, or hybrid solutions.
Enterprise Functional Physical Goals and Objectives Physical	Requirements Sources Security



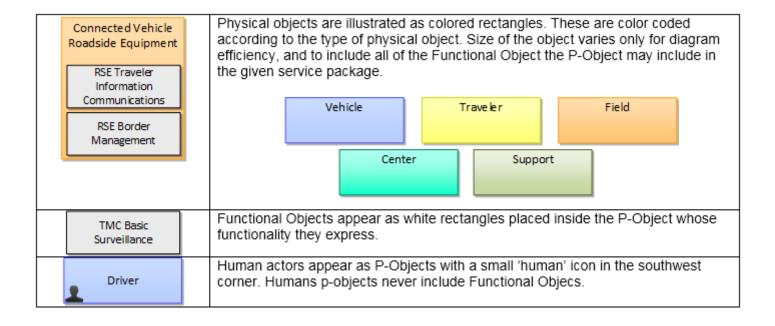
#### Service Package Example 1: Queue Warning





U.S. Department of Transportation ITS Joint Program Office

#### Physical Service Package Diagram Objects



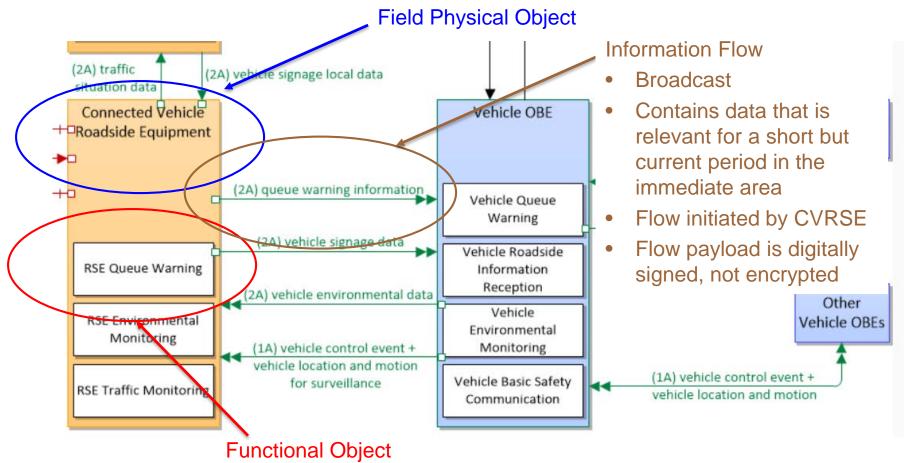


#### **Physical Service Package Diagram Flows**

C(2B) barrier system control	Information Flows are shown as solid lines that include arrowheads to indicate the primary direction information is flowing. Flow appearance is further encoded as shown in the following rows
Flow Time Context (1 ) 1 - Now 3 - Historical 2 - Recent 4 - Static	Flow Time Context is represented as a number to the left of the flow name. This indicates the time constraints that that the destination places on receipt of the information provided by this flow. These are high level constraints, dependent on more detailed performance specification in standards and interface control documents.
Flow Spetial Context (A) A - Adjacent D - Nation al B - Local E - Continenta I C - Region al	Flow Spatial Context is represented as a letter adjacent to Time Context. This indicates the distance contraints around which the data provided by the Source is relavent. These are high level constraints, dependent on more detailed performance specification in standards and interface control documents.
Flow Cardinality Unicest Multicest Broedcast	Flow Cardinality is represented by arrowhead style. It indicates whether a flow is unicast (sent to one destination), multicast (sent to multiple, specified destinations) or broadcast (sent to all possible destinations, limited only by media and protocol constraints).
Flow Control	Flow Control is represented by a box (initiator) and a slash (acknowledgement required) attached to the flow.
Flow Security Clear text. No Authent Encrypited. No Authent Clear text, Authenticated Encrypited, Authenticated	Flow Security is represented by color. These are typically derived from the security analysis; any flow with Integrity of MODERATE or HIGH requires Authenticability; any flow with Confidentiality of MODERATE or HIGH requires encryption.



#### ARC-IT Website Queue Warning Page – Physical View





#### Queue Warning Example – details of Physical View Page



**Includes Physical Objects:** 

Physical Object Cla	lass	Description
<u>Connected</u> <u>Vehicle Roadside</u> Fie <u>Equipment</u>	eld	'Connected Vehicle Roadside Equipment' (CV RSE) represents the Connected Vehicle roadside devices that are used to send messages to, and receive messages from, nearby vehicles using Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC) or other alternative wireless communications technologies. Communications with adjacent field equipment and back office centers that monitor and control the RSE are also supported. This device operates from a fixed position and may be permanently deployed or a portable device that is located temporarily in the vicinity of a traffic incident, road construction, or a special event. It includes a processor, data storage, and communications capabilities that support secure communications with passing vehicles, other field equipment, and centers.



Functional Object	Description	Physical Object
<u>RSE Queue</u> <u>Warning</u>	'RSE Queue Warning' provides V2I communications to support queue warning systems. It monitors connected vehicles to identify and monitor queues in real-time and provides information to vehicles about upcoming queues, including downstream queues that are reported by the Traffic Management Center.	



#### **Includes Information Flows:**

Information Flow	Description
	Information provided to support computer-based intervention of vehicle controls. Analogous to driver warnings, these are warnings issued to on-board control systems of an impending collision or other situation detected by the Vehicle OBE that may require control intervention.



#### **Queue Warning Example – Functional Object**

#### **RSE Queue Warning**

Physical Object: Connected Vehicle Roadside Equipment

Overview	Functionality	Information Flows
verviev	w	

'RSE Queue Warning' provides V2I communications to support queue warning systems. It monitors connected vehicles to identify and monitor queues in real-time and provides information to vehicles about upcoming queues, including downstream queues that are reported by the Traffic Management Center.

This functional object is included in the "Connected Vehicle Roadside Equipment" physical object.

This functional object is included in the following service packages:

• Queue Warning



#### **Queue Warning Example – Information Flow**



#### Definitions

**<u>queue warning information</u> (Information Flow):** Information regarding formed or impending queues (location of the end of queue, estimated duration of the queue, and other descriptions of the queue condition) and recommendations for upstream vehicles including speed reduction, lane change, or diversion recommendations.

<u>Connected Vehicle Roadside Equipment</u> (Source Physical Object): 'Connected Vehicle Roadside Equipment' (CV RSE) represents the Connected Vehicle roadside devices that are used to send messages to, and receive messages from, nearby vehicles using Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC) or other alternative wireless communications technologies. Communications with adjacent field equipment and back office centers that monitor and control the RSE are also supported. This device operates from a fixed position and may be permanently deployed or a portable device that is located temporarily in the vicinity of a traffic incident, road construction, or a special event. It includes a processor, data storage, and communications capabilities that support secure communications with passing vehicles, other field equipment, and centers.

**Vehicle OBE** (Destination Physical Object): The Vehicle On-Board Equipment (OBE) provides the vehicle-based processing, storage, and communications functions necessary to support connected vehicle operations. The radio(s) supporting V2V and V2I communications are a key component of the Vehicle OBE. This communication platform is augmented with processing and data storage capability that supports the connected vehicle applications.



#### Queue Warning Example – Needs and Requirements

- Each Service Package defined by Needs met
- Each Functional Object defined by Requirements addressed

Enter	prise Functional	Physical	Goals and Objectives	Requirements	Sour	ources Security
Rec	quirements					
Ne	ed			unctional bject	Red	Requirement
				SE Queue /arning	01	The field equipment shall communicate with the connected vehicles to gather real-time vehicle-collected data including vehicle speed, location and localized weather condition from the vehicle network.
01	detect a queue	Operations needs to be able to queue formation using both ucture and connected vehicle		SE Traffic Ionitoring	01	The field element shall communicate with on-board equipment on passing vehicles to collect current vehicle position, speed, and heading and a record of previous events (e.g., starts and stops, link travel times) that can be used to determine current traffic conditions.
	sources of infor	ormation.		TMC Decideration		The center shall monitor data on traffic, environmental conditions, and other hazards collected from sensors along the roadway.
	rr-it/html/servicenackar		w	TMC Roadway Warning	07	The center shall have the capability to receive real-time traffic (including location and speed), road conditions (e.g. ice, wet, etc.), and weather data (clear, rainy and snowy) from connected vehicles.



# **Queue Warning Example – Security**

Enterprise	Functional	Physical	Goals and Objectives	Requirements	Sources	Security		
Security	,							
In order	to participat	e in this a	pplication, each phys	sical object sho	uld meet o	or exceed the f	ollowing security lev	vels.
Physica	l Object Se	curity		-			- /	
Physical Object			Confider	tiality	Integrity	Availability	Security Class	
Connected Vehicle Roadside Equipment			Moderate		Moderate	Moderate	<u>Class 2</u>	
ITS Roadway Equipment			Moderate		Moderate	Moderate	<u>Class 2</u>	
Other Tr	raffic Manage	eme <mark>nt C</mark> er	<u>nters</u>	Low		Moderate	Moderate	<u>Class 1</u>
Other Ve	ehicle OBEs			Low		High	Moderate	<u>Class 3</u>
Traffic Management Center			Moderate		High	Moderate	<u>Class 3</u>	
Transportation Information Center			Low		Low	Moderate	<u>Class 1</u>	
<u>Vehicle</u>								
Vehicle OBE			Low		High	Moderate	<u>Class 3</u>	

In order to participate in this application, each information flow triple should meet or exceed the following security levels.

Information Flow Security					
Source	Destination	Information Flow	Confidentiality	Integrity	Availability
			Basis	Basis	Basis
			Low	Moderate	Moderate
<u>Connected</u> <u>Vehicle</u> <u>Roadside</u> <u>Equipment</u>	<u>ITS Roadway</u> Equipment	<u>traffic situation</u> <u>data</u>	This is all directly observable data.	It is not incorrectly influencing this. IHEA: only limited adverse effect if raw/processed connected vehicle data is bad/compromised; could be LOW for ISIG	This information is used as supplemental information. It should operate correctly if not every single message is received. THEA: only limited adverse effect if info is not timely/readily available, could be LOW for ISIG

#### Queue Warning Example – Triple Communication View

DSRC-WSMP queue warning information>						
ITS Application Information Layer SAE J2735	Security Plane IEEE 1609.2	ITS Application Information Layer SAE J2735				
Application Layer groups of the second secon		Application Layer Undefined				
Presentation Layer ISO ASN.1 UPER		Presentation Layer ISO ASN.1 UPER				
Session Layer Undefined		Session Layer Undefined				
Transport Layer IEEE 1609.3 WSMP	<b>y Plane</b> fined	Transport Layer IEEE 1609.3 WSMP				
Network Layer IEEE 1609.3 WSMP	Security Plane Undefined	Network Layer IEEE 1609.3 WSMP				
Data Link Layer IEEE 1609.4, IEEE 802.11		Data Link Layer IEEE 1609.4, IEEE 802.11				
Physical Layer		Physical Layer				



## Pit Stop 1

- Find the Broadcast Traveler Information SP
- What P-Objects communicate directly with Vehicles?
- What P-Object initiates the flow of 'local traveler information' between CVRSE and Vehicle OBE?
- The triple "Transit Management Center -> transit and fare schedules -> Transportation Information Center" identifies what information layer standards for conveyance of this information?



### Pit Stop 2

- Find the Functional Object that controls reversible lanes in the field
- How many functional requirements are associated with this object?
- How many information flows does this functional object exchange with functional objects in the Traffic Management Center?



### Pit Stop 3

- Find the Map Update System Physical Object
- How many service packages does this object participate in?
- What is the Security Classification of this object?
- The triple that provides data to be used by the MUS directly from vehicles is what?
- What communications mechanisms are appropriate for this flow?



#### **Questions?**

Questions on the ARC-IT components



